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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/803,359	03/18/2004	Keiichi Mori	KPO194	5837	
25271	7590 01/26/2006		EXAMINER		
	•	FESSIONAL CORPORATION	CHIEM, DINH D		
601 CALIFO SUITE 1111	OKNIA SI	·	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SAN FRANC	CISCO, CA 94108	•	2883		
			DATE MAIL ED: 01/26/2004	e	

DATE MAILED. 01/20/2000

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	<del></del>
	10/803,359	MORI, KEIICHI	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Erin D. Chiem	2883	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v.  Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communica D (35 U.S.C.§ 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 N</u> 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) . This 3) Since this application is in condition for alloware closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		is
Disposition of Claims <sup>,</sup>			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) 1 is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accomplicant may not request that any objection to the	or election requirement. er. epted or b)□ objected to by the		
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex		-	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D  5) Notice of Informal F  6) Other:		
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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This office action is in response to the amendment filed on November 9, 2005. Claims 1, 6-8 have been amended and currently claims 1-8 are pending.

## Claim Objections

Claim 1 is objected to because of the following informalities: the last word "space" is perhaps intended to be "spaced." Appropriate correction is required.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jian (US Application 2003/0002809 A1 "Jian" hereinafter) in view of Duelli et al. (US 6,873,768 B2 "Duelli" hereinafter).

Regarding claims 1, 2, and 8, Jian teaches an optical monitor module comprising a substrate in Figure 6 having formed on the upper surface a positioning structure, namely an array of v-grooves [0154] and reference numbers 631, 633, 635 for positioning a plurality of optical fibers 641, 643 in parallel. The first and second optical fibers having formed integrally therewith at the same end lens portions 621. For clarification purpose, the examiner will further explain how Jian teaches the graded index structure is "formed integrally in one end of the [first and

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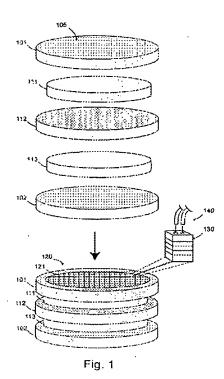
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second] optical fiber Please refer to Fig. 1 where Jian teaches the stack of semiconductor wafers

said substrate

at a position

between an



with a die within the array of dice that form the stack (130). The applicant does not explicitly and positively claim that the graded index structure is formed immediately at the distal end of the fiber. Since the optical devices in Jian's teaching forms a continuous stack, then Jian's teaching reads upon applicant's claimed limitation of "formed integrally in one end of the... fiber." A beam splitter (612) mounted on

extension of said axis of the first fiber and an extension of the axis of the second fiber for receiving light emitted from said lens portion (621) of said first optical fiber and for reflecting the other portions of said light for incidences on said lens portion (623) of said second optical fiber (643); wherein the optical paths between said lens portions of said first and second optical fibers and said beam splitter are spaced. Please trace the light ray for further clarification.

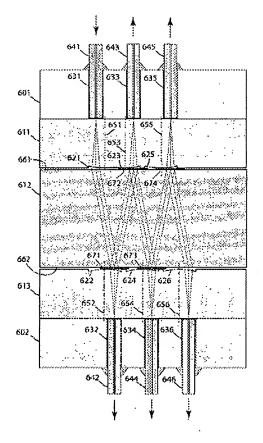


Fig. 6

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Regarding claims 3-5, Jian teaches an array of v-grooves for the purpose of aligning the fibers 641, 643, and 645 with the receiving elements 642, 644, and 646 which clearly infers to one of ordinary skill in the art that the array is fabricated with the same shape and depth.

Regarding claims 6 and 7, the line of intersection wherein the ray transmitted from the lens of the first fiber and the lens of the second fiber intersect near a straight line centrally extending intermediately between and the elongations of the first and second optical fiber. A simple ray trace and a drawn imaginary line between the fibers 641 and 643 of Figure 6 will clearly teach this limitation.

Regarding claims 6 and 7, the beams intersect upon the incidence at elements 671 and 673 and the incident point is the midpoint between the optical axes of the first fiber (641) and the second fiber (643).

Regarding claim 8 Jian also teaches the beam splitter (612) transmit a part of the light received from the first optical path (the portion of the light that lies in the layer 613) to the optical part (fibers 642, 644, 646).

However, Jian does not explicitly teach emitting the light from the fibers at an incline.

Duelli teaches cleaving the optical fiber (Fig. 6) at the graded index portion (63) at an angle for the purpose of transmitting light will travel in the forward path with reduced backreflection (col. 6, lines 5-9).

Since Jian and Duelli are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose disclosed by Duelli would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Jian.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to cleave the fiber at an angle prior to placing the fiber within the v-

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groove. The motivation for employing a cleaved fiber is to reduce back reflection in the transmission path.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed November 9, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The examiner further clarified the interpretation of "formed integrally in the ends of the fibers" in the 103 rejection above. Regarding the argument that the beam splitters and the optical paths are spaced; Jian also teaches this limitation wherein the space is provided by layer 611.

#### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Erin D. Chiem whose telephone number is (571) 272-3102. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 9AM - 5PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Frank G. Font can be reached on (571) 272-2415. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Erin D Chiem Examiner

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Supervisory Primary Examiner

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